

Math 1B Section 101  
02 Dec 2009 Quiz #14 (15 min)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Score: \_\_\_\_\_/10

Find the general solution of the differential equation  $y'' - 2y' + 2y = 2e^x \cos x$  using:

1. (5 points) the method of undetermined coefficients.

complementary equation  $y'' - 2y' + 2y = 0$   
aux equation  $r^2 - 2r + 2 = 0$   
 $r = 1 \pm i$

complementary solutions  $y = C_1 e^x \cos x + C_2 e^x \sin x$   
trial solution  $y = Ax e^x \cos x + Bx e^x \sin x$

Here, we multiplied the trial solution by  $x$  because  $e^x \cos x$  and  $e^x \sin x$  are complementary solutions

$$y' = A \begin{pmatrix} e^x \cos x \\ + x e^x \cos x \\ - x e^x \sin x \end{pmatrix} + B \begin{pmatrix} e^x \sin x \\ + x e^x \sin x \\ + x e^x \cos x \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (Ax + Bx + A) e^x \cos x + (Bx - Ax + B) e^x \sin x$$

$$y'' = (A+B) e^x \cos x + (Ax + Bx + A)(e^x \cos x - e^x \sin x) \\ + (B-A) e^x \sin x + (Bx - Ax + B)(e^x \sin x + e^x \cos x)$$

$$= 2(Bx + A + B) e^x \cos x + 2(-Ax - A + B) e^x \sin x$$

$$\therefore 2e^x \cos x = y'' - 2y' + 2y = 2B e^x \cos x - 2A e^x \sin x$$

Hence,  $B=1$ ,  $A=0$ .

The general solution is

$$y(x) = x e^x \sin x + C_1 e^x \cos x + C_2 e^x \sin x.$$

2. (5 points) the method of variation of parameters.

complementary solution

$$y = C_1 e^x \cos x + C_2 e^x \sin x$$

particular solution

$$y = u_1 e^x \cos x + u_2 e^x \sin x$$

subject to conditions

$$u_1' e^x \cos x + u_2' e^x \sin x = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$u_1' \begin{pmatrix} e^x \cos x \\ -e^x \sin x \end{pmatrix} + u_2' \begin{pmatrix} e^x \sin x \\ +e^x \cos x \end{pmatrix} = 2e^x \cos x \quad (2)$$

Since  $e^x$  is positive, we divide (1), (2) by  $e^x$ :

$$u_1' \cos x + u_2' \sin x = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$u_1' (\cos x - \sin x) + u_2' (\sin x + \cos x) = 2 \cos x \quad (4)$$

Subtracting (4) - (3):

$$-u_1' \sin x + u_2' \cos x = 2 \cos x \quad (5)$$

Now, (3)  $\sin x$  + (5)  $\cos x$  gives:

$$u_2' (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) = 2 \cos^2 x$$

$$\Rightarrow u_2' = 2 \cos^2 x = \cos 2x + 1 \quad (6)$$

$$\Rightarrow u_2 = \int \cos 2x + 1 \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + x + C_2$$

From (3) and (6),

$$u_1' = -\frac{u_2' \sin x}{\cos x} = -2 \cos x \sin x = -\sin 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow u_1 = \int -\sin 2x \, dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x + C_1$$

Thus, the general solution is

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x + C_1\right) e^x \cos x + \left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + x + C_2\right) e^x \sin x$$

Note that  $\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x\right) e^x \cos x + \left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x\right) e^x \sin x$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^x (\cos 2x \cos x + \sin 2x \sin x) = \frac{1}{2} e^x \cos(2x - x) = \frac{1}{2} e^x \cos x$$

so we may absorb this term into  $C_1 e^x \cos x$ , giving

$$y(x) = C_1 e^x \cos x + C_2 e^x \sin x + x e^x \sin x.$$

### Quiz Statistics

Scores	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	5	0	0	2	3	4	9	3	4	0	0

Average 4.83

### Grading Scheme

Q1)

- (1 pt) Correct auxiliary equation and roots.
- (1 pt) Correct complimentary solution  $y_c$ .
- (1 pt) Correct form of trial solution  $y_p$ .
- (1 pt) Correct solving of coefficients in trial solution.
- (1 pt) Writing the general solution as  $y = y_c + y_p$ .

Q2)

- (1 pt) Correct form of particular solution.
- (1 pt) Correct conditions that  $u_1, u_2$  must satisfy.
- (1 pt) Solving and integrating for  $u_1$ .
- (1 pt) Solving and integrating for  $u_2$ .
- (1 pt) Writing the general solution with constants of integration.

### Observations

Q1. Forgetting to multiply the trial solution by  $x$ .

Q1. Arithmetic mistakes in differentiating and summing  $y_p, y_p', y_p''$ .

Q2. In  $e^x(c_1 \cos x + c_2 \sin x)$ , saying  $y_1 = \cos x, y_2 = \sin x$  instead of  $y_1 = e^x \cos x, y_2 = e^x \sin x$ .

Q2. The student painstakingly derives the conditions

$$u_1' y_1 + u_2' y_2 = 0, u_1' y_1' + u_2' y_2' = G(x)/a$$

rather than just recalling and applying it.